- 9. (a) Draw the most stable configuration of the following compounds
 - (i) 2-amino ethanol (ii) 1, 2-dichloroethane
 - (b) What is phase transfer catalyst?
 - (c) Assign configuration of the following compounds with P/M descriptors

(i)
$$C = C = C$$

Me

- (d) Define pseudoasymmetric centre. Give example of 2 molecules with enantiomorphic groups along with pro-r hydrogen atoms on a pseudoasymmetric centre.
- (e) What do you mean by kinetically controlled reactions and thermodynamically controlled reactions? Explain with energy profile diagram.

$$2+1+(1\frac{1}{2}\times 2)+(1+1)+2$$

2018

2nd Semester

CHEMISTRY

(Honours)

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Group-A

1. Answer any five questions:

2×5

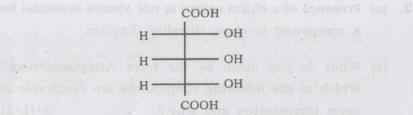
(a) Between (CH₃)₂ CHBr and (CH₃)₃ C-Br which one results in higher ratio of climination (E2) to substitution (S_N2) when treated with NaOEt/EtOH? is extremely unreactive towards

nucleophilic substitution either by S_N1 or S_N2 mechanism - Explain.

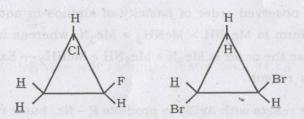
- (c) Draw energy profile diagram of three slip exothermic reaction in which the second step is r.d.s and the first unstable intermediate is more stable than the second.
- (d) The following compound is chiral but undergoes easy racemisation- Explain.

(e) Draw the (-)sc and (+) ap conformation of active butane -2, 3-diol.

(f) Assign absolute configuration of the pseudoasymmetric centre of the following:



- (g) 3, 5 Dimethyl 4 nitro aniline is a stranger base than the corresponding 2, 6 dimethyl isomer -Explain.
- (h) Assign topical relationship between the underlined hydrogen atoms.



moderne Group-B words mates A D

Answer any four questions.

4×5

- 2. (a) Presence of a chiral centre is not always essential for a compound to show chirality. Explain.
 - (b) What do you mean by the term 'Atropisomerism? Which of the following compounds are resolvable at room temperature and why? 2+(1+2)

- 3. (a) The observed order of basicity of aminos in aqueous medium is $Me_2NH > MeNH_2 > Me_3N$, whereas in gas phase the order is $Me_3N > Me_2NH > MeNH_2$ Explain with reason.
 - (b) R Br reacts with AgCN to produce R Nc, but it reacts with NaCN to produce R CN why? 3+2

- 4. (a) 'Acid catalysed dehydration of (R) 2- hydroxybutan -1, 4-dicarbodylic acid gives a pair of geometrical isomers. Identify the products with proper explanation.
 - (b) The rate of reaction of 1-bromobutane with azide ion increased 5×10^3 times on changing the solvent from methanol to acetonitrile Explain.
- 5. (a) Assign R/S nomen calture of the followings:

(ii)
$$NO_2$$
 Me

(b) Which one will racemise faster and why?

- 6. (a) Draw the potential energy diagram of 1bromopropane.
 - (b) Write one difference between torsional angle and diheoirel angle.
 - (c) What do you understand by the term "Walden 2+2+1 Inversion"?
- 7. (a) Predict the product (with stereochemistry) and explain the mechanism involved in the reaction.

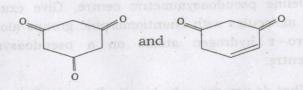
Ph
$$C - OH \xrightarrow{SOCl_2} ?$$

(b) How can E₁CB pathway be distinguished from the kinetically in distingushable E2 pathway? 3+2

servolled set to neclastical Group-C seem set ward (a) .

Answer any one question.

- 8. (a) Unsymmetrically substituted cumulenes with odd number of double bonds cannot show chirality, rather these can show geometrical isomerisis-Explain.
 - (b) Arrange in the increasing order of nucleophilicity. $\overset{\theta}{\mathrm{OC}}_{2}\mathrm{H}_{5}, \overset{\theta}{\mathrm{OC}}_{6}\mathrm{H}_{5}, \overset{\theta}{\mathrm{CH}_{3}}\overset{\theta}{\mathrm{CO}}, \overset{\theta}{\mathrm{NO}_{3}}$
 - (c) Rate of solvolysis of tertiary butyl chloride in 60% aqueous ethanol is faster than that of the analogous compound containing. Deuterium instead of hydrogen; observed $K_H/K_D \approx 2.32$ —Explain.
 - (d) Which one has the higher enol content?



(e) Explain mechanistically what happens when erythro-3-bromo-2-butanol is heated with HBr.

2+2+3+1+2